lement (Part II) to the Official Gazelfe of the Zanzibar Government. Vol. LXIX, No. 4014. of 30th July, 1960.

THE PLANT PROTECTION DECREE, 1937.

L. N. 50 of 1980

An exercise of the powers vested in him by section 8 of the Plant Protection Decree, 1937, the British Resident hereby makes the Decree No. following Order:—

The Plant Protection Order, 1960.

- 1. This Order may be cited as the Plant Protection Order. 1960, and shall come into force on the first day of October. 1960.
- 2. (1) No plant shall be imported into the Protectorate except under the authority of a permit previously obtained from, and signed by the Director of Agriculture or an officer of the Department of Agriculture authorised by the Director of Agriculture, in writing and subject to the conditions stated in such permit:

Provided that the provisions of this paragraph shall in the case of ceds only apply to such seeds as are set out in the First Schedule hereto.

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-paragraph (1), the Director of Agriculture may by order published in the Gazette permit either generally or in particular the importation into the Protectorate of any plant or class of plant subject to any conditions therein expressed.
 - 3. All applications for permits shall state-
 - (a) full name and address of the applicant;
 - (b) the name and address of the person or firm from whom the plants or seeds are to be obtained;
 - (c) the names of and quantities of the plants or seeds to be obtained;
 - (d) the name of the farm or estate on which the plants or seeds are to be planted and the Shehia in which it is situated;
 - (c) any other manner in which it is intended to dispose of the plants or seeds.
- 4. No plant shall be imported into the Protectorate except through one of the ports declared to be a port under the Customs Management Cap. 91.
- 5. (1) All plants imported into the Protectorate other than such plants as may be exempted from the provisions of this paragraph by order published in the Gazette by the Director of Agriculture shall be examined by an inspector.
- (2) Notwithstanding an exemption granted under sub-paragraph (1) it shall be lawful for an inspector in his discretion to examine such plants.

- 6. The inspector may-
- (a) direct, authorise or carry out the disinfection or treatment any plant and of any article believed by him to be infect with a pest or disease or likely to infect any plant with a peor disease;
- (b) with the prior approval of the Director of Agriculture direction authorise or carry out the immediate destruction of any important or article which on inspection appears to be infected with any pest or disease where, in the opinion of an inspector, disease infection or treatment is impracticable or will not be a complet safeguard, or the delay caused by disinfection or treatment would give rise to the risk of the introduction or spread of any perfor disease; and
- (c) direct, authorise or carry out the disinfection or fumigation any vessel, vehicle or aircraft which in the opinion of the inspector is harbouring any pest or disease, or any article likely to infect any plant with a pest or disease.
- 7. (1) Any plant other than plants exempted by an order under paragraph 5, or any package or parcel containing any plant imported otherwise than by post, shall be delivered to an inspector by the Comptroller of Customs.
- (2) Any package or parcel containing any plant other than plants exempted by an order under paragraph 5, imported by post shall be delivered to an inspector by the Postmaster.
- (3) After examination and treatment as provided in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) of paragraph 6 the package or parcel shall, except where such package, parcel or plant has been destroyed by or under the instructions of such inspector, be returned by him to the Comptroller of Customs or the Postmaster, as the case may be, for delivery to the addressee.
- 8. No compensation shall be payable in respect of any package parcel, article or plant destroyed or damaged in any treatment required to be carried out under this Order.
- 9. The Director of Agriculture may require imported plants to be redetained in quarantine or in special nurseries or places approved by him for such period as he may think fit.
- development which feed on plants or any vegetable organism which is likely to infect plants may be imported except by virtue of a permit previously obtained from and signed by the Director of Agriculture and under the conditions stated in such permit.
- 11. The Orders set out in the Second Schedule hereto are hereby revoked.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

MOM ALL COUNTRIES.

Aquatic plants. Eichornia crassipes, Elodea spp. and Limnocharis spp.

Barberry. Berberis spp. and Mahonia spp.

Buckthorn. Rhamnus spp.

Clove. Eugenia aromatica.

Cocon. Theobroma cacao and other Theobroma spp.

Coconnt. Cocos nucifera.

Mistletoe. Viscum album and Phoradendron flavescens.

Narcotic plants. Cannabis sativa, Erythroxylum spp. and Papaver somniferum.

Prickly pear. All Opuntia spp.

Rubber. All Hevea spp.

Sweet Potato. All Ipomoca spp

Sugar cane. Saccharum spp.

DOM ALL COUNTRIES UNLESS THE SEED IS THE PRODUCE OF AND GROWN IN TANGANYIKA, THE COLONY AND PROTECTORATE OF KENYA OR THE PROTECTORATE OF UGANDA.

Artichokes (Jerusalem). Helianthus spp.

Aquatic plants. All species except Eichornia crassipes, Elodea spp. and Limnocharis spp.

Avocado. Persea spp.

Bananas and Plantains. Musa spp., Eusete spp.

Barley. Hordcum spp.

Cashew nut. Anacardium spp.

Cassava. Manihot spp.

Castor. Ricinus communis

Chestnut. Castanea vulgaris.

Citrus. All species of Citrus ✓

Coffee. Coffee spp.

Conifers. Coniferac, all species.

Cotton. Gossypium spp.

Date palm. Phoenix dactylifera.

Elm. Ulmus spp. and Zelkova spp.

Eucalyptus. All Eucalyptus spp.

Eugenia. All Eugenia spp.

Flax (New Zealand). Phormium tenax.

Flax and Linseed. Linum usitatissimum.

Grasses. All genera of the order Gramineae.

Groundnut. Arachis hypogaea.

Jute. Corchorus spp.

Kapok. Ceiba spp. and other Bombacaceae.

Kola. Cola acuminata.

Lentils. Lens esculenta.

Lucerne and clovers. Medicago spp. and Trifolium spp.

Maize. Zea mays.

Mango. Mangifera indica.

Millets and sorghum. All species of genera Eleusine, Panicum. Pennisetum, Setaria, Sorghum.

Mimosa and watle. Acacia spp.

Nutmeg. Myristica spp.

Oats. Avena sativa.

Oil pulm. Elaeis guineensis.

Olive. Olea spp.

Papaw. Carica papaya.

Passion flower and passion fruit. Passiflora spp. and Tacsonia spp.

Pepper. Piper nigrum.

Peppers and chillies. Capsicum spp.

Potato. Solanum tuberosum. (and allied Solanum spp.).

Pulses (peas and beans). Including spp. of the genera Dolichos Phascolus, Pisum, Lathyrus, Vicia, Vigna.

Pyrethrum. Chrysanthemum cincrariaefolium.

Rosaceous fruit trees. Apples, apricots, cherries, loquats, nectarines peaches, pears, plums quinces.

Rice. Oryza sativa.

Rye. Secale spp.

Simsim. Sesamum indicum.

Sisal. Agave and Furcraea spp.

Soya bean. Glycine spp.

Sunflowers. Helianthus spp.

Tea. Thea sinensis.

Tobacco. Nicotiana tabacum and other Nicotiana species.

Tomato. Lycopersicum esculentum.

Tung. Aleurites spp.

Vines. All species of the Vitaceae.

Wheat. Triticum spp.

All seeds not otherwise scheduled, other than seeds which are packed in sealed packets, for retail trade sealed in the original packets, or for sowing by the importer, where each packet contains a single species only and bears an indentifiable name of the species

SECOND SCHEDULE.

9. N. 11 of 1938	The Plant Protection (Importation of Pineapples) Order, 1938.
O.N. 351 of 1944	The Plant Protection (Importation and Exporta- tion of Sweet Potatocs) Order, 1944.
G.N. 178 of 1945	The Plant Protection (Importation of Cacao) Order, 1945.
0. N. 129 of 1951	The Plant Protection (Importation of Bananus) Order, 1951.
G. N. 181 of 1954	The Plant Protection (Importation of Citrus) (Prohibition) Order, 1954.

By direction of the British Resident.

R. P. READ, for Chief Secretary to the Government.
(s.m.p. 360/7)

Zanzibar, 28th June, 1960.